

Wall Township Public Schools

Board Approval Date: 8/15/23



Grade 1 ELA

Introduction: During the school year, teachers will systematically build and reinforce foundational skills by using the i-Ready Magnetic Reading Foundations Program. Each unit provides emphasis on concepts of print, letter formation, phonological awareness, high frequency words, word analysis, and fluency. Teachers will establish a literature-rich environment by utilizing the series and trade books. Instruction should take place in the form of whole group mini-lessons, small group lessons, and reading groups in order to meet the needs of all learners. Benchmark assessments will help the teacher determine what needs to be modeled in future mini-lessons and small groups.

Course Sequence & Pacing		
Unit Title	MP/Weeks	
Unit 1: Friendship Friends work together to help each other to solve problems. In this unit students will have opportunities to practice reading with short vowels and consonants.	MP 1 - Weeks 1-6 Days 1-30	
Unit 2: Create Every Day There are many different ways to be creative and express yourself. In this unit students will have the opportunities to practice reading consonant digraphs, beginning blends, and previously learned imagined phonics skills.	MP 1 & 2- Weeks 7-12 Days 31-60	
Unit 3: The Underwater World Many interesting animals and plants live underwater. In this unit students will have the opportunities to practice reading consonant a-e spellings, and previously learned phonics skills.	MP 2 & 3- Weeks 13-18 Days 61-90	
Unit 4: Neighborhoods Neighborhoods are places where people work, live, shop, and have fun together. In this unit students will have the opportunities to practice reading VCe spellings for long vowel teams, soft consonants, and previously learned phonics skills.	MP 3 - Weeks 19-24 Days 91-120	
Unit 5: Imagine That! Reading fiction stories and poems helps readers expand their imaginations as they meet heroic characters and explore unique places and times. In this unit students will have the opportunities for children to practice reading long vowels,	MP 4 - Weeks 25-30 Days 121-150	

vowel teams, r-controlled vowels, and previously learned phonics skills.	
Unit 6: In the Sky People are able to see different objects in the sky depending on the weather and the Earth's position in relation to the sun. In this unit students will have the opportunities to practice reading r-controlled vowels, diphthongs, variant vowels, and previously learned phonic concepts.	MP 4 -Weeks 31-36 Days 151-180

The following colors are used throughout this document to indicate areas in which the curriculum is aligned with the following NJSA requirements:

Holocaust and genocides (N.J.S.A. 18A:35-28)

History and contributions of African-Americans (Amistad Law) (N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.43)

Highlight and promote diversity and inclusion (Diversity & Inclusion Law) (N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.36a)

Climate Change - Please click here for specific examples (by subject)

Unit 1

Stage 1: Desired Results

Unit 1: Friendship

Unit Summary: Friends work together to help each other to solve problems. In this unit students will have opportunities to practice reading with short vowels and consonants.

Unit 1 Learning Targets

NJSLS Grade Level Standards:

NJSLS Focus Standards:

Reading Foundational Skills

Phonological Awareness

- RF.1.2. Demonstrate mastery of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes) by using knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound to determine the number of syllables in a printed word.
- B. Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes), including consonant blends.
- C. Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in spoken single-syllable words.
- D. Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds (phonemes).

Phonics and Word Recognition

RF.1.3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.

- B. Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words
- G. Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.
- *RF.2.3.E Recognize and read grade appropriate irregularly spelled words.

Fluency

- RF.1.4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
- A. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
- B. Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.

NJSLS Supplemental Standards

Reading Foundational Skills

Print Concepts

- RF.1.1. Demonstrate mastery of the organization and basic features of print including those listed under Kindergarten foundation skills.
- A. Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence (e.g., first word, capitalization, ending punctuation).

Reading Informational Skills

Key Ideas and Details

- RI.1.1. Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.
- RI.1.2. Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.
- RI.1.3. Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.

Craft and Structure

- RI.1.4. Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.
- RI.1.5. Know and use various text features (e.g., headings, tables of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text.
- RI.1.6. Distinguish between information provided by pictures or other illustrations and information provided by the words in a text.
- *RL.1.5. Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information, drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

RI.1.7. Use the illustrations in a text to describe its key ideas.

Writing

- W.1.2. Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure.
- W.1.5. With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and self-reflection, and add details to strengthen writing and ideas as needed.
- W1.6. Use technology, including the internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.

Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

- SL.1.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
- A. Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g. listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion)
- B. Build on others' talk in conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges.

- C. Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion.
- SL.1.2. Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.
- SL.1.3. Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information or clarify something that is not understood.

Conventions of Standard English

- L.1.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- A. Print all upper- and lowercase letters.
- C. Use singular and plural nouns with matching verbs in basic sentences(eg., He hops; We hop).
- L.1.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- A. Capitalize dates and names of people.
- B. Use end punctuation for sentences.
- C. Use commas in dates and to separate single words in a series.
- D. Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring irregular words.
- E. Spell untaught words phonetically, drawing on phonemic awareness and spelling conventions.
- L.1.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 1 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.
- B. Use frequently occurring affixes and inflection(eg., -ed, -s, -ing, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, less) as a clue to the meaning of a word.

Curricular Connections

Career Readiness, Life Literacies, & Key Skills (CLKS):

9.4.5.CI.2: Use appropriate communication technologies to collaborate with individuals with diverse perspectives about a local and/ or global climate change issue and deliberate about possible solutions.

9.4.2.DC.7: Describe actions peers can take to positively impact climate change.

Computer Science & Design Thinking (CS & DT**)**:

8.1.2.CS.1: Select and operate computing devices that perform a variety of tasks accurately and quickly based on user needs and preferences.

8.1.2.CS.2: Explain functions of common software and hardware components of computing systems.

Interdisciplinary Connections:

6.1.2.Geo.HE.2: Describe how human activities affect the culture and environmental characteristics of places or regions (e.g. transportation, housing, dietary needs).

6.1.2.CivicsPR.4: Explain why teachers, local community leaders, and other adults have a responsibility to make rules that are fair, consistent, and respectful of individual rights.

6.1.2.CivicsCM.3: Explain how diversity, tolerance, fairness, and respect for others can contribute to individuals feeling accepted.

Unit Essential Questions:

- How do you make new friends?
- How can you be a good friend to others?
- What is Phonemic Awareness?

Unit Enduring Understandings:

• Phonological awareness is the understanding that spoken language is made up of sounds.

- How do we figure out a word we do not recognize?
- Why do readers use different strategies or tools to help them as they read?
- Why is it important to read accurately with ease?
- Why is it important to understand how print works?
- What is informational writing?

• Phonological Awareness lessons help children recognize and manipulate spoken sounds before learning to attach each sound to graphemes (i.e., letters).

- Knowing how to apply phonetic principles, context clues, structural analysis, and spelling patterns can help them figure out unfamiliar words while reading.
- Effective readers use appropriate strategies as needed to construct meaning.
- Reading with accuracy and fluency aids in comprehension.
- Informational/Explanatory texts provide facts about people, places, or things.
- Writers explain what something is, how something happened, or how something works.
- Informational/Explanatory writing has a beginning that introduces the topic, a middle that tells facts and details about the topic, and an end that sums up all of the information.

Content-Students will know:

Phonics:

Short a, Consonants m, t, b, c, n, s, p, r, h, d

Short i, Consonants f, g, k, l, x, j, qu, z, w, v, y

Short o

Short e

Short u

Unit Words: feel, friend, help, share

Super Words: and, see, the, to, but, her, not, of, do, that, they, was, are, for,

with, you, be, she, we

Skills-Students will be able to:

Students will be able to:

- Recognize and produce rhyme
- Recognize and produce alliteration
- Blend and segment onset and rime
- Isolate (initial and medial), blend, identify and segment phonemes in single syllable words
- Review consonants
- Encode and decode words with short vowels
- Reinforce letter formation
- Understand how print works
 - \circ Book orientation /turning pages
 - Text direction
 - \circ Distinguish letters from words within sentences
 - o Match print to speech
 - $\circ \ \text{Word spaces}$
 - o Picture support
 - \circ Distinguish features of a sentence
 - o Understand book parts(title, author, illustrator, table of contents)
- Read a connected text for accuracy
- Recognize, read and spell grade level high frequency words
- Engage in collaborative discussions with a partner or whole group.

• Write the answer to a prompt in a complete sentence.

Comprehension (Ready Reading)

Unit 1 Opener (Module 1 Week 1)

- Answer questions about key details in the story
- Describing characters and major events, using details
- Retell the story, including key details

Read Aloud Lesson B (Module 1 Week 2)

- Answer questions about key details in the story
- Describe characters and major events using key details
- Retell the story including key details

Asking Questions (Lesson 1 - Module 1 Week 3)

- Recognize that key details are important pieces of information in a story
- Use both text and pictures to identify key details in stories, including characters, settings, and events
- Ask and answer questions about keys details

Read Aloud Lesson C (Module 1 Week 4)

- Answer questions about key details in the story
- Describe characters and major events, using key details
- Retell the story, including key details

Describe Characters (Lesson 2 Module 1 Week 5)

- Identify words and phrases that indicate characters' feelings
- Use words and pictures to support conclusions about characters' feelings
- Describe characters' words and actions using key details
- Understand how describing a character can help you better understand a story

Stage 2: Evidence of Student Learning

Summative Assessments: Unit 1 Check - Ready Reading

Unit 1 Assessment - Magnetic Reading

Formative Assessments: Weekly Assessment - Magnetic Reader, Practice by Myself - Ready Reading Activities, Word family word sorts (short vowels), Think Pair Share, Third party vendors and websites such as: Flipgrid and Kahoot

Common Benchmark Assessments: iReady EOY, DIBELS 8, Unit Assessment Tracker (Magnetic Reader)

Alternative Assessments: Extension Activities - Teacher Toolbox, Standards Mastery -iReady

Literacy Tasks - iReady

Stage 3: Core Instructional Plan & Resources

Skill:

Week 1:

Identify rhyming words.

Isolate and pronounce syllables in single syllable words.

Decode words with short a and consonants.

Recognize and read grade level high-frequency words.

Read fluently with accuracy

Practice letter formation.

Week 2:

Recognize spoken alliteration

Isolate and pronounce syllables in single syllable words.

Decode words with short i and consonants.

Blend sounds to produce single syllable words.

Produce alliteration.

Practice letter formation.

Read fluently with accuracy.

Accurately spell HF words.

Week 3:

Isolate and pronounce syllables in single syllable words.

Decode words with short o and consonants.

Blend sounds to produce single syllable words.

Produce alliteration.

Practice letter formation.

Read fluently with accuracy.

Accurately recognize, read & spell HF words.

Week 4:

Blend onset and rime

Isolate phonemes

Blend, Identify, Segment Phonemes

Decode words with short e

Practice letter formation.

Read fluently with accuracy.

Accurately recognize, read & spell HF words.

Week 5:

Learning Activities:

Suggested Small Group Learning Activities Learning Module 1: Week 1 (Days 1-5)

Match Consonant Letters and Sounds: m, t

<u>Distinguish Uppercase and Lowercase Letters</u>

Recognize Uppercase and Lowercase Letters

Teach Vocabulary with Read Alouds

Retell Literary Text

Shades of Meaning

Multiple-Meaning Words

Fluency Implementation Guide

Fluency Skill: Phrasing

Learning Module 1: Week 2 (Days 6-10)

Match Vowel Letters and Short Sounds

Blend Phonemes

Segment Words into Phonemes

Teach Vocabulary with Read Alouds

<u>Teach New Word Meanings</u>

Retell Literary Text

Make Connections to Words

<u>Fluency Implementation Guide</u>

Fluency Skill: Phrasing

Learning Module 1: Week 3 (Days 11-15)

Recognize Rhyme

Blend Phonemes

Segment Words into Phonemes

Kev Ideas and Details

<u>Use Multiple Strategies to Figure Out Word Meanings</u>

Fluency Implementation Guide

Fluency Skill: Phrasing

Learning Module 1: Week 4 (Days 16-20)

Segment Onset and Rime

Isolate Phonemes (Medial)

Short u

Inflectional Ending -ed

Letter Formation Uu

Practice letter formation.

Read fluently with accuracy.

Accurately recognize, read & spell HR words.

Review Week:

Review and practice the skill of editing and revising written work and using previously taught sound-spelling patterns and Super Words. Use knowledge gained from Ready® Reading Read Alouds and Lessons, such as describing characters, character feelings, and actions, in addition to important events.

Practice speaking and listening skills

Blend Onset and Rime

Identify Medial Vowel Sounds

Words with Final Digraph ck or Double Consonants

Teach Vocabulary with Read Alouds

Suffixes -ful and -less

Prefixes pre-, un-, re-

Retell Literary Text

Fluency Implementation Guide

Fluency Skill: Phrasing

Learning Module 1: Week 5 (Days 21-25)

Distinguish Uppercase and Lowercase Letters

Recognize Uppercase and Lowercase Letters

Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes

Inflectional Endings Without Spelling Changes

Describe Characters

Fluency Implementation Guide

Fluency Skill: Phrasing

Learning Module 1: Review Week (Days 26-30)

Match Consonant Letters and Sounds: r, d

Match Consonant Letters and Sounds: p, c

<u>Inflectional Endings Without Spelling Changes</u>

Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes

Alliteration

Fluency Implementation Guide

Fluency Skill: Phrasing

Resources

Word banks (ex. word wall with unit themed sight words)

Anchor Charts

Ready Reading Teacher Manual and Teacher Toolbox

i-Ready Teacher Manual and Teacher Toolbox

Student Journals for Ready Reading, Magnetic Reading

Word Building Cards

Sound Spelling and Articulation Cards

Super Word Cards

Magnetic Readers Library

Ready Reading Projectable Stories: Happy Birthday Surprise!

Trade books: The Empty Pot, The Polar Bear Son, My Rotten Redheaded Older Brother, Mice and Beans Optional Read Alouds: A Friend for Mole, by Nancy Armo The Scarecrow, by Beth Ferry Friends, by Aiko Ikegami

Suggested Activities for Differentiation

Suggested Strategies and Practices that Support Students with Disabilities:

Follow All IEP Modifications

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Introduce Key Vocabulary Before Lesson

Teacher Reads Aloud Daily

Choral Reading

Chants, Songs (ex: The Vowel Song on Youtube)

Small Group Instruction- Guided Reading and Guided Writing

Flexible Grouping

Use Books On Tape (Listening Center)

Allow Extra Time To Complete Assignments Or Tests

Allow Answers To Be Given Orally Or Dictated

Provide Picture Instructions

Provide brain breaks

Use a strong student as a "buddy"

Suggested Strategies and Practices that Support English Language Learners:

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Gesturing

Teacher Modeling

Roleplay

Simplified Language / Teacher Talk / Thinking Aloud

Introduce Key Vocabulary Before Lesson (ex: words from the theme Friendship with pictures)

Picture Directions

Students At Risk of Failure:

Provide Peer Tutoring

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Provide Immediate Praise And Feedback

Provide High Interest Topics

Use a strong student as a "buddy"

Multisensory Instruction (sky writing, sand, bumpy/scratchy paper short vowels)

Use Audio Books

Allow Extra Time To Complete Assignments Or Tests

Work In A Small Group

One On One Instruction

Students with 504 Plans:

Follow All 504 Modifications

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Provide Picture Instructions

Small Group Instruction- Guided Reading and Guided Writing

Allow Extra Time To Complete Assignments Or Tests

Allowing For Additional Wait Time For Student Responses During Conversations

Provide Fidget Tools

Flexible Seating

Chunk Assignments

Positive Reinforcement

Specific Strategies and Practices that Support Gifted & Talented Students:

Encourage Upper Level Intellectual Behavior Based On Bloom's Taxonomy

Do Not Always Be Explicit, Allow For Discovery (ex. give students word cards and have them sort the words by looking for their own patterns)

Group Students According To Ability Or Interest

Propose Interest-based Extension Activities

Use Leveled Texts And Offer An Advanced Reader Reading List

Use Varied Modes Of Pre-assessment And Assessment

Provide Whole Group Enrichment Explorations

Provide Options, alternatives and choices to differentiate and broaden the curriculum

Teach Cognitive and Methodological Skills

Use Center, Stations, Or Contracts (ex. roll and read fluency center with short vowel words

Ask Higher Order Thinking Questions

Unit 2

Stage 1: Desired Results

Unit 2: Create Every Day

Unit Summary: There are many different ways to be creative and express yourself. In this unit students will have the opportunities to practice reading consonant digraphs, beginning blends, and previously learned imagined phonics skills.

Unit 2 Learning Targets

NJSLS Grade Level Standards:

NJSLS Focus Standards:

Reading Foundational Skills

Phonological Awareness

RF.1.2. Demonstrate mastery of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes) by using knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound to determine the number of syllables in a printed word.

- B. Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes), including consonant blends.
- C. Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in spoken single-syllable words.
- D. Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds (phonemes).

Phonics and Word Recognition

RF.1.3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.

- B. Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words
- G. Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.
- *RF.2.3.E Recognize and read grade appropriate irregularly spelled words.

Fluency

RF.1.4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.

- A. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
- B. Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.

NJSLS Supplemental Standards

Reading Foundational Skills

Print Concepts

- RF.1.1. Demonstrate mastery of the organization and basic features of print including those listed under Kindergarten foundation skills.
- A. Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence (e.g., first word, capitalization, ending punctuation).

Reading Informational Skills

Key Ideas and Details

- RI.1.1. Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.
- RI.1.2. Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.
- RI.1.3. Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.

Craft and Structure

- RI.1.4. Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.
- RI.1.5. Know and use various text features (e.g., headings, tables of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text.
- RI.1.6. Distinguish between information provided by pictures or other illustrations and information provided by the words in a text.
- *RL.1.5. Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information, drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

RI.1.7. Use the illustrations in a text to describe its key ideas.

Writing

- W.1.1. Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure.
- W.1.5. With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and self-reflection, and add details to strengthen writing and ideas as needed.
- W1.6. Use technology, including the internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.

Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

- SL.1.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
- A. Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g. listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion)
- B. Build on others' talk in conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges.
- C. Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion.
- SL.1.2. Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.
- SL.1.3. Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information or clarify something that is not understood.
- SL.1.4 Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.

Conventions of Standard English

- L.1.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- A. Print all upper- and lowercase letters.
- C. Use singular and plural nouns with matching verbs in basic sentences(eg., He hops; We hop).
- L.1.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- A. Capitalize dates and names of people.
- B. Use end punctuation for sentences.
- C. Use commas in dates and to separate single words in a series.

- D. Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring irregular words.
- E. Spell untaught words phonetically, drawing on phonemic awareness and spelling conventions.
- L.1.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 1 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.
- B. Use frequently occurring affixes and inflection(eg., -ed, -s, -ing, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, less) as a clue to the meaning of a word.

Curricular Connections

Career Readiness, Life Literacies, & Key Skills (CLKS):

9.4.5.CI.2: Use appropriate communication technologies to collaborate with individuals with diverse perspectives about a local and/or global climate change issue and deliberate about possible solutions.

9.4.2.DC.7: Describe actions peers can take to positively impact climate change.

Computer Science & Design Thinking (CS & DT**)**:

8.1.2.CS.1: Select and operate computing devices that perform a variety of tasks accurately and quickly based on user needs and preferences.

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Interdisciplinary Connections:

6.1.2.Geo.HE.2: Describe how human activities affect the culture and environmental characteristics of places or regions (e.g. transportation, housing, dietary needs).

6.1.2.CivicsPR.4: Explain why teachers, local community leaders, and other adults have a responsibility to make rules that are fair, consistent, and respectful of individual rights.

6.1.2.CivicsCM.3: Explain how diversity, tolerance, fairness, and respect for others can contribute to individuals feeling accepted.

Unit Essential Questions:

- What is something you like to create?
- How do you feel when you are making something to share with others?
- What is Phonemic Awareness?
- How do we figure out a word we do not recognize?
- Why do readers use different strategies or tools to help them as they read?
- Why is it important to read accurately with ease?
- Why is it important to understand how print works?
- What is opinion writing?
- How is building fluency important?

Unit Enduring Understandings:

- Phonological awareness is the understanding that spoken language is made up of sounds.
- Phonological Awareness lessons help children recognize and manipulate spoken sounds before learning to attach each sound to graphemes (i.e., letters).
- Knowing how to apply phonetic principles, context clues, structural analysis, and spelling patterns can help them figure out unfamiliar words while reading.
- Effective readers use appropriate strategies as needed to construct meaning.
- Reading with accuracy and fluency aids in comprehension.
- Informational/Explanatory texts provide facts about people, places, or things.
- Writers explain what something is, how something happened, or how something works.

Informational/Explanatory writing has a beginning that introduces the topic, a middle that tells facts and details about the topic, and an end that sums up all of the information. Content-Students will know: Skills-Students will be able to: Students will be able to: Phonics: Digraphs: sh,th,ch,wh,ck,tch,ng Recognize and produce rhyme Recognize and produce alliteration Beginning Blends bl,cl,fl,pl,st,sk,sm,sp Unit Words: art, create, idea, music Blend and segment onset and rime Super Words: like, make, there, what, go no, so, which, from, have, look, or, Isolate(initial and medial), blend, identify and segment phonemes in single syllable words about, out, play, were, by. come, my, some Review consonants Encode and decode words with short vowels Reinforce letter formation Understand how print works Book orientation /turning pages Text direction o Distinguish letters from words within sentences o Match print to speech Word spaces Picture support o Distinguish features of a sentence o Understand book parts(title, author, illustrator, table of contents) Read a connected text for accuracy

Comprehension (Ready Reading):

Describing Characters (Lesson 2 - Module 2 Week 1)

• Identify words and phrases that indicate characters' feelings

Write the answer to a prompt in a complete sentence.

Recognize, read and spell grade level high frequency words

Engage in collaborative discussions with a partner or whole group.

- use words and pictures to support conclusions about characters in a story
- describe characters' words and actions using key details
- understand how describing a character can help you better understand a story

Describing Setting (Lesson 3 - Module 2 Week 2)

• Recognize that a setting is when and where events in a story take place.

- Describe a setting based on key details in the text and the pictures.
 - Understand how describing a setting can help you better understand a story.

Describing Events (Lesson 4- Module 2 Week 3)

- Understand that a story has events.
- Identify major story events in sequence.
- Use details to describe major story events.
- Understand how describing events can help you understand a story.

Central Message (Lesson 5- Module 2 Week 4)

- Identify the relationship between important story events and the central message
- Identify the relationship between character's goal or problem and the central message
- Use text evidence to determine the central message of the story
- Understand that readers can learn important lessons by thinking about a story's message.

Unit 2 Opener (Module 2 Week 5)

- Identify the main topic of a text and sections within it
- Ask and answer questions about key details
- Identify how the information in the text is organized

Stage 2: Evidence of Student Learning

Summative Assessments: Unit 2 Check - Ready Reading

Unit 2 Assessment - Magnetic Reading

Formative Assessments: Weekly Assessment - Magnetic Reader, Practice by Myself - Ready Reading Activities

Common Benchmark Assessments: iReady EOY, DIBELS 8, Unit Assessment Tracker (Magnetic Reader)

Alternative Assessments: Extension Activities - Teacher Toolbox, Standards Mastery -iReady

Literacy Tasks - iReady

Stage 3: Core Instructional Plan & Resources

Skill: Week 1:

week 1:

Blend Syllables
Isolate Phonemes (Initial)

Digraphs: sh, th, ch, wh

Possessives with 's

Learning Activities:

Learning Module 2: Week 1 (Days 31-35)

Blend Phonemes
Blend Syllables

<u>Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes</u>

Words with Consonant Digraphs

Letter Formation

High Frequency Words

Fluency

Week 2:

Segment Syllables

Isolate Phonemes (Final)

Digraphs th, sh, ck

Inflectional Ending -ing

Practice letter formation.

Read fluently with accuracy.

Accurately spell HF words.

Week 3:

Blend/Segment Onset and Rime

Isolate, Identify, Substitute Phonemes

Digraphs ch, tch, ng

Inflections -s, es

Practice letter formation.

Read fluently with accuracy.

Accurately recognize, read & spell HF words.

Week 4:

Blend/Segment Syllables

Add, Delete, Phonemes

Segment, Belend Phonemes

Beginning Blends: bl, cl, fl, pl

Inflectional Ending -ed -ing

Practice letter formation.

Read fluently with accuracy.

Accurately recognize, read & spell HF words.

Week 5:

Blend/Segment Syllables

Add, Delete Phonemes (Initial)

Segment, Blend Phonemes

Beginning Blends: st, sk, sm, sp

Compound Words

Practice letter formation.

Possessive Nouns: 's

Words with Initial Consonant Digraphs

Teach Vocabulary with Read Alouds

Use Adjectives and Adverbs

Retell Literary Text

Fluency Implementation Guide

Fluency Skill: Expression

Learning Module 2: Week 2 (Days 36-40)

Blend Phonemes

Blend Syllables

Words with Final Digraph ck or Double Consonants

Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes

Inflectional Endings Without Spelling Changes

Words with Final Consonant Digraphs

Story Elements

Sort Words into Categories

Fluency Implementation Guide

Fluency Skill: Expression

Learning Module 2:Week 3 (Days 41-45)

Blend Phonemes

Blend Onset and Rime

Segment Onset and Rime

Substitute Phonemes

<u>Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes</u>

Inflectional Endings Without Spelling Changes

Words with Final Consonant Digraphs

Story Elements

Sequence of Events

Fluency Implementation Guide

Fluency Skill: Expression

Learning Module 2:Week 4 (Days 46-50)

Inflectional Endings Without Spelling Changes

Words with Initial l, r Blends

<u>Inflectional Endings With Spelling Changes</u>

Recognize Synonyms

Determine Message, Lesson, or Moral

<u>Fluency Implementation Guide</u>

Read fluently with accuracy.

Accurately recognize, read & spell HF words.

Review Week:

Review and practice the yearlong skill of editing and revising written work and using previously taught sound-spelling patterns and Super Words.

Practice speaking and listening skills, such as adding drawings or visual displays to descriptions to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings. Make topical connections to Magnetic Reading Foundations, Unit 2.

Fluency Skill: Expression

Learning Module 2:Week 5 (Days 51-55)

Segment Syllables

Phoneme Manipulation

Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes

Words with Initial s Blends

<u>Decode Compound Words</u>

Teach Vocabulary with Read Alouds

Teach New Word Meanings

Retell Informational Text

Fluency Implementation Guide

Fluency Skill: Expression

Learning Module 2:Review Week (Days 56-60)

Inflectional Endings Without Spelling Changes

Words with Initial l, r Blends

<u>Inflectional Endings With Spelling Changes</u>

Segment Syllables

Phoneme Manipulation

Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes

Words with Initial s Blends

<u>Decode Compound Words</u>

Fluency Implementation Guide

Fluency Skill: Expression

Resources

Word banks (ex. word wall with unit themed sight words)

Anchor Charts

Ready Reading Teacher Manual and Teacher Toolbox

i-Ready Teacher Manual and Teacher Toolbox

Student Journals for Ready Reading, Magnetic Reading

Word Building Cards

Sound Spelling and Articulation Cards

Super Word Cards

Magnetic Readers Library

 ${\bf Trade\ books:\ Who\ Eats\ What?,\ Butterflies\ and\ Moths,\ Elizabeth\ Leads\ the\ Way:}$

Elizabeth Cady Stanton and the Right to Vote

Optional Read Alouds:

<u>The Electric Slide and Kai</u>, by Kelly J. Baptist <u>Song in the City</u>, by Daniel Bernstrom <u>Frankie Frog and the Throaty Croakers</u>, by Freya Hartas

Suggested Activities for Differentiation

Suggested Strategies and Practices that Support Students with Disabilities:

Follow All IEP Modifications

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Introduce Key Vocabulary Before Lesson

Teacher Reads Aloud Daily

Choral Reading

Chants, Songs (ex: The Vowel Song on Youtube)

Small Group Instruction- Guided Reading and Guided Writing

Flexible Grouping

Use Books On Tape (Listening Center)

Allow Extra Time To Complete Assignments Or Tests

Allow Answers To Be Given Orally Or Dictated

Provide Picture Instructions

Provide brain breaks

Use a strong student as a "buddy"

Suggested Strategies and Practices that Support English Language Learners:

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Gesturing

Teacher Modeling

Roleplay

Simplified Language / Teacher Talk / Thinking Aloud

Introduce Key Vocabulary Before Lesson (ex: words from the theme Friendship with pictures)

Picture Directions

Students At Risk of Failure:

Provide Peer Tutoring

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Provide Immediate Praise And Feedback

Provide High Interest Topics

Use a strong student as a "buddy"

Multisensory Instruction (sky writing, sand, bumpy/scratchy paper short vowels)

Use Audio Books

Allow Extra Time To Complete Assignments Or Tests

Work In A Small Group

One On One Instruction

Students with 504 Plans:

Follow All 504 Modifications

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Provide Picture Instructions

Small Group Instruction- Guided Reading and Guided Writing

Allow Extra Time To Complete Assignments Or Tests

Allowing For Additional Wait Time For Student Responses During Conversations

Provide Fidget Tools

Flexible Seating

Chunk Assignments

Positive Reinforcement

Specific Strategies and Practices that Support Gifted & Talented Students:

Encourage Upper Level Intellectual Behavior Based On Bloom's Taxonomy

Do Not Always Be Explicit, Allow For Discovery (ex. give students word cards and have them sort the words by looking for their own patterns)

Group Students According To Ability Or Interest

Propose Interest-based Extension Activities

Use Leveled Texts And Offer An Advanced Reader Reading List

Use Varied Modes Of Pre-assessment And Assessment

Provide Whole Group Enrichment Explorations

Provide Options, alternatives and choices to differentiate and broaden the curriculum

Teach Cognitive and Methodological Skills

Use Center, Stations, Or Contracts (ex. roll and read fluency center with short vowel words

Ask Higher Order Thinking Questions

Stage 1: Desired Results

Unit 3: The Underwater World

Unit Summary: Many interesting animals and plants live underwater. In this unit students will have the opportunities to practice reading consonant a-e spellings, and previously learned phonics skills.

Unit 3 Learning Targets

NJSLS Grade Level Standards:

NJSLS Focus Standards:

Reading Foundational Skills

Phonological Awareness

RF.1.1

A.Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence (e.g., first word, capitalization, ending punctuation).

- RF.1.2. Demonstrate mastery of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes) by using knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound to determine the number of syllables in a printed word.
- B. Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes), including consonant blends.
- C. Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in spoken single-syllable words.
- D. Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds (phonemes).

Phonics and Word Recognition

- RF.1.3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
- B. Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words
- *RF.2.3.E Recognize and read grade appropriate irregularly spelled words.
- F. Read words with inflectional endings.
- G. Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.

Fluency

RF.1.4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.

A. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.

NJSLS Supplemental Standards

Reading Foundational Skills

Print Concepts

- RF.1.1. Demonstrate mastery of the organization and basic features of print including those listed under Kindergarten foundation skills.
- A. Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence (e.g., first word, capitalization, ending punctuation).

Reading Informational Skills

Key Ideas and Details

- RI.1.1. Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.
- RI.1.2. Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.
- RI.1.3. Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.

Craft and Structure

- RI.1.4. Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.
- RI.1.5. Know and use various text features (e.g., headings, tables of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text.
- RI.1.6. Distinguish between information provided by pictures or other illustrations and information provided by the words in a text.
- RL.1.2 Retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate understanding of their central message or lesson.
- RL.1.4 Identify words and phrases in stories or poems that suggest feelings or appeal to the senses.
- *RL.1.5. Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information, drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types.
- RL.1.6 Identify who is telling the story at various points in a text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

RI.1.7. Use the illustrations in a text to describe its key ideas.

Writing

- W.1.2. Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure.
- W.1.5. With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and self-reflection, and add details to strengthen writing and ideas as needed.
- W1.6. Use technology, including the internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.

Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

- SL.1.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
- A. Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g. listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion)
- B. Build on others' talk in conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges.
- C. Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion.
- SL.1.2. Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.
- SL.1.3. Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information or clarify something that is not understood.

Language

Conventions of Standard English

- L.1.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- A. Print all upper- and lowercase letters.
- C. Use singular and plural nouns with matching verbs in basic sentences(eg.,He hops;We hop).
- L.1.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

- A. Capitalize dates and names of people.
- B. Use end punctuation for sentences.
- C. Use commas in dates and to separate single words in a series.
- D. Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring irregular words.
- E. Spell untaught words phonetically, drawing on phonemic awareness and spelling conventions.
- L.1.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 1 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.
- B. Use frequently occurring affixes and inflection(eg., -ed, -s, -ing, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, less) as a clue to the meaning of a word.

Curricular Connections

Career Readiness, Life Literacies, & Key Skills (CLKS):

9.4.5.CI.2: Use appropriate communication technologies to collaborate with individuals with diverse perspectives about a local and/ or global climate change issue and deliberate about possible solutions.

9.4.2.DC.7: Describe actions peers can take to positively impact climate change.

Computer Science & Design Thinking (CS & DT):

8.1.2.CS.1: Select and operate computing devices that perform a variety of tasks accurately and quickly based on user needs and preferences.

8.1.2.CS.2: Explain functions of common software and hardware components of computing systems.

Interdisciplinary Connections:

6.1.2.Geo.HE.2: Describe how human activities affect the culture and environmental characteristics of places or regions (e.g. transportation, housing, dietary needs).

6.1.2.CivicsPR.4: Explain why teachers, local community leaders, and other adults have a responsibility to make rules that are fair, consistent, and respectful of individual rights.

6.1.2.CivicsCM.3: Explain how diversity, tolerance, fairness, and respect for others can contribute to individuals feeling accepted.

Unit Essential Questions:

- Which animals do you know about that live in the sea?
- What do you know about them?
- What is Phonemic Awareness?
- How do we figure out a word we do not recognize?
- Why do readers use different strategies or tools to help them as they read?
- Why is it important to read accurately with ease?
- Why is it important to understand how print works?
- What is informational writing?

Unit Enduring Understandings:

- Phonological awareness is the understanding that spoken language is made up of sounds.
- Phonological Awareness lessons help children recognize and manipulate spoken sounds before learning to attach each sound to graphemes (i.e., letters).
- Knowing how to apply phonetic principles, context clues, structural analysis, and spelling patterns can help them figure out unfamiliar words while reading.
- Effective readers use appropriate strategies as needed to construct meaning.
- Reading with accuracy and fluency aids in comprehension.

Informational/Explanatory texts provide facts about people, places, or things. • Writers explain what something is, how something happened, or how something works. Informational/Explanatory writing has a beginning that introduces the topic, a middle that tells facts and details about the topic, and an end that sums up all of the information. Skills-Students will be able to: Content-Students will know: Students will be able to: Phonics: • Recognize and produce rhyme Beginning Blends cr, fr, dr, tr, br, gr, sn, sw 3-Letter Consonant: scr-, spl-, spr-, str-Recognize and produce alliteration Ending Blends: -sk, -st, -mp, -nd, -nt Blend and segment onset and rime Long a: a e; Short a Isolate(initial and medial), blend, identify and segment phonemes in single syllable words **Unit Words**: art, animal, deep, sea, water Super Words: into, more, one, your, could, great, said, would, all, small, Review consonants Encode and decode words with short vowels their, through, any, many, most, want, other, people, too, write Reinforce letter formation Understand how print works o Book orientation /turning pages Text direction o Distinguish letters from words within sentences Match print to speech Word spaces Picture support o Distinguish features of a sentence • Understand book parts(title, author, illustrator, table of contents) Read a connected text for accuracy Recognize, read and spell grade level high frequency words Engage in collaborative discussions with a partner or whole group. Write the answer to a prompt in a complete sentence. Comprehension (Ready Reading) Module 3 Week 1 • Identify the main topic of a text and sections within it Ask and answer questions about key details

Identify how the information in the text is organized

Asking Questions (Lesson 6- Module 3 Week 2)

- Identify key details in informational text and text features
 - Ask who, what, when, why, how questions about key details in the text
 - Answer who, what, when, where, why, and how questions with text based evidence
 - Understand how asking and answering questions helps readers comprehend informational text.

Main Topic (Lesson 7 - Module 3 Week 3)

- Understand that a main topic is what a text is mostly about
- Recognize that key details are pieces of information that tell about the main topic
- Identify the main topic and key details
- Understand that finding the main topic and key details can help you better understand what you read.

Read Aloud G (Module 3 Week 4)

- Identify the main topic of a text and sections within it
- Ask and answer questions about key details
- Identify how the information in the text is organized

Describing Connections (Lesson 8 - Module 3 Week 5)

- Identify text clues that signal sequence, cause and effect, and other types of connections
- Explain how ideas and events in a text are connected
- Recognize how describing connections between text events and ideas helps readers understand and remember key details

Summative Assessments: Unit 3 Check - Ready Reading

Unit 3 Assessment - Magnetic Reading

Formative Assessments: Weekly Assessment - Magnetic Reader, Practice by Myself - Ready Reading Activities

Common Benchmark Assessments: iReady EOY, DIBELS 8, Unit Assessment Tracker (Magnetic Reader)

Alternative Assessments: Extension Activities - Teacher Toolbox, Standards Mastery -iReady

Literacy Tasks - iReady

Skill:

Week 1:

Blend, Segment, Phonemes
Add, Delete, Substitute Phonemes
Beginning r-Blends: fr, cr, dr, tr
Short Vowel Syllable Patterns
Words with Beginning Blends
Letter Formation
High Frequency Words

Week 2:

Fluency

Blend, Add, Segment Phonemes Blends: gr, br, sn, sw Inflectional Endings - ed, ing Words with Beginning Blends Practice letter formation. Read fluently with accuracy. Accurately spell HF words.

Week 3:

Blend, Add, Segment Phonemes
Three Letter Blends: scr, spl, str, spr
Contractions with 's
Practice letter formation.
Read fluently with accuracy.
Accurately recognize, read & spell HF words.

Week 4:

Blend/Segment Add Phonemes
Ending Blends: st, sk,nd, nt, mp
Contractions with not
Practice letter formation.
Read fluently with accuracy.
Accurately recognize, read & spell HF words.

Week 5:

Blend, Segment, Add Phonemes Long a: a_e Plurals (with CVCe Words)

Learning Activities:

Learning Module 3: Week 1 (Days 61-65))

Segment Words into Phonemes

Substitute Phonemes

Manipulate Phonemes

<u>Initial l,r blends</u>

Closed Syllables

Teach Vocabulary with Read Alouds

Retell Informational Text

Sort Words into Categories

Fluency Implementation

Fluency Skill: Intonation/Inflection

Learning Module 3: Week 2 (Days 66-70)

Add Phonemes

Delete Phonemes

<u>Inflectional Endings Without Spelling Changes</u>

Words with Initial s Blends

Key Ideas and Details

Categorize and Classify Information

Recognize Synonyms

Fluency Implementation Guide

Fluency Skill: Intonation/Inflection

Learning Module 3: Week 3 (Days 71-75)

Segment Words into Phonemes

Manipulate Phonemes

<u>Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes</u>

Words with Initial s Blends

Words with Contractions with 's

<u>Understand Contractions</u>

Identify Main Idea

Predict the Topic of a Book

Fluency Implementation Guide

Fluency Skill: Intonation/Inflection

Learning Module 3: Week 4 (Days 76-80)

Add Phonemes

Manipulate Phonemes

Practice letter formation.

Read fluently with accuracy.

Accurately recognize, read & spell HF words.

Review Week:

Review and practice the yearlong skill of editing and revising written work and using previously taught sound-spelling patterns and Super Words.

Practice the writing skills learned in the Ready Reading Writing Activities, such as Read Aloud B: Research and Write and Read Aloud E: Write to Answer a Question.

Practice speaking and listening skills, such as describing things with relevant details and expressing ideas clearly.

Make topical connections to Magnetic Reading Foundations, Unit 3.

Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes

<u>Understand Contractions</u>

Words with Final Consonant Blends

Teach Vocabulary with Read Alouds

Retell Informational Text

Use Context to Find Word Meaning

Shades of Meaning

Fluency Implementation Guide

Fluency Skill: Intonation/Inflection

Learning Module 3: Week 5 (Days 81-85)

Blend Phonemes

Segment Words into Phonemes

Substitute Phonemes

Distinguish Short and Long Vowel Sounds

Long-Vowel Words with Final e

Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes

Cause and Effect

Make Connections to Words

Fluency Implementation Guide

Fluency Skill: Intonation/Inflection

Learning Module 3: Review Week (Days 86-90)

Add Phonemes

Manipulate Phonemes

<u>Delete Phonemes</u>

Blend Phonemes

Segment Words into Phonemes

Substitute Phonemes

<u>Distinguish Short and Long Vowel Sounds</u>

Long-Vowel Words with Final e

Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes

Fluency Implementation Guide

Fluency Skill: Intonation/Inflection

Resources

Word banks (ex. word wall with unit themed sight words)

Anchor Charts

Ready Reading Teacher Manual and Teacher Toolbox

i-Ready Teacher Manual and Teacher Toolbox

Student Journals for Ready Reading, Magnetic Reading

Word Building Cards

Sound Spelling and Articulation Cards

Super Word Cards

Magnetic Readers Library

Ready Reading Projectable Stories: Sometimes, Im Staying Home from School Today

Trade books: Mike Mulligan and His Steam Shovel, The Polar Bear Son, The Empty Pot, Butterflies and Moths, Elizabeth Leads the Way, Earthworms, My Rotten Redheaded Older Brother

Optional Read Alouds:

Octopus Escapes Again, by Laurie Ellen Angus

Over the Ocean in a Coral Week, by Marianne Berkes

<u>Underwater Homes</u>, by Therese Hopkins

Suggested Activities for Differentiation

Suggested Strategies and Practices that Support Students with Disabilities:

Follow All IEP Modifications

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Introduce Key Vocabulary Before Lesson

Teacher Reads Aloud Daily

Choral Reading

Chants, Songs (ex: The Vowel Song on Youtube)

Small Group Instruction- Guided Reading and Guided Writing

Flexible Grouping

Use Books On Tape (Listening Center)

Allow Extra Time To Complete Assignments Or Tests

Allow Answers To Be Given Orally Or Dictated

Provide Picture Instructions

Provide brain breaks

Use a strong student as a "buddy"

Suggested Strategies and Practices that Support English Language Learners:

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Gesturing

Teacher Modeling

Roleplay

Simplified Language / Teacher Talk / Thinking Aloud

Introduce Key Vocabulary Before Lesson (ex: words from the theme Friendship with pictures)

Picture Directions

Students At Risk of Failure:

Provide Peer Tutoring

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Provide Immediate Praise And Feedback

Provide High Interest Topics

Use a strong student as a "buddy"

Multisensory Instruction (sky writing, sand, bumpy/scratchy paper short vowels)

Use Audio Books

Allow Extra Time To Complete Assignments Or Tests

Work In A Small Group

One On One Instruction

Students with 504 Plans:

Follow All 504 Modifications

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Provide Picture Instructions

Small Group Instruction- Guided Reading and Guided Writing

Allow Extra Time To Complete Assignments Or Tests

Allowing For Additional Wait Time For Student Responses During Conversations

Provide Fidget Tools

Flexible Seating

Chunk Assignments

Positive Reinforcement

Specific Strategies and Practices that Support Gifted & Talented Students:

Encourage Upper Level Intellectual Behavior Based On Bloom's Taxonomy

Do Not Always Be Explicit, Allow For Discovery (ex. give students word cards and have them sort the words by looking for their own patterns)

Group Students According To Ability Or Interest

Propose Interest-based Extension Activities

Use Leveled Texts And Offer An Advanced Reader Reading List

Use Varied Modes Of Pre-assessment And Assessment

Provide Whole Group Enrichment Explorations

Provide Options, alternatives and choices to differentiate and broaden the curriculum

Teach Cognitive and Methodological Skills

Use Center, Stations, Or Contracts (ex. roll and read fluency center with short vowel words

Ask Higher Order Thinking Questions

Unit 4

Stage 1: Desired Results

Unit 4: Neighborhoods

Unit Summary: Neighborhoods are places where people work, live, shop, and have fun together. In this unit students will have the opportunities to practice reading VCe spellings for long vowel teams, soft consonants, and previously learned phonics skills.

Unit 4 Learning Targets

NJSLS Grade Level Standards:

NJSLS Focus Standards:

Reading Foundational Skills

Phonological Awareness

- RF.1.2. Demonstrate mastery of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes) by using knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound to determine the number of syllables in a printed word.
- B. Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes), including consonant blends.
- C. Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in spoken single-syllable words.
- D. Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds (phonemes).

Phonics and Word Recognition

- RF.1.3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
- B. Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words
- *RF.2.3.E Recognize and read grade appropriate irregularly spelled words.

Fluency

- RF.1.4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
- A. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.

NJSLS Supplemental Standards

Reading Foundational Skills

Print Concepts

RF.1.1. Demonstrate mastery of the organization and basic features of print including those listed under Kindergarten foundation skills.

A. Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence (e.g., first word, capitalization, ending punctuation).

Reading Informational Skills

Key Ideas and Details

RI.1.1. Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.

RI.1.2. Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.

RI.1.3. Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.

Craft and Structure

RI.1.4. Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.

RI.1.5. Know and use various text features (e.g., headings, tables of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text.

RI.1.6. Distinguish between information provided by pictures or other illustrations and information provided by the words in a text.

*RL.1.5. Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information, drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

RI.1.7. Use the illustrations in a text to describe its key ideas.

Writing

W.1.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well chosen details, and well structured event sequences.

W.1.5. With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and self-reflection, and add details to strengthen writing and ideas as needed.

W1.6. Use technology, including the internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.

W.1.8. With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.

Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

SL.1.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.

A. Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g. listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion)

B. Build on others' talk in conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges.

C. Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion.

SL.1.2. Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.

SL.1.3. Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information or clarify something that is not understood.

SL.1.4 Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.

Conventions of Standard English

L.1.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

A. Print all upper- and lowercase letters.

- C. Use singular and plural nouns with matching verbs in basic sentences(eg., He hops; We hop).
- L.1.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- A. Capitalize dates and names of people.
- B. Use end punctuation for sentences.
- C. Use commas in dates and to separate single words in a series.
- D. Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring irregular words.
- E. Spell untaught words phonetically, drawing on phonemic awareness and spelling conventions.
- L.1.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 1 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.
- B. Use frequently occurring affixes and inflection(eg., -ed, -s, -ing, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, less) as a clue to the meaning of a word.

Curricular Connections

Career Readiness, Life Literacies, & Key Skills (CLKS):

9.4.5.CI.2: Use appropriate communication technologies to collaborate with individuals with diverse perspectives about a local and/ or global climate change issue and deliberate about possible solutions.

9.4.2.DC.7: Describe actions peers can take to positively impact climate change.

Computer Science & Design Thinking (CS & DT):

8.1.2.CS.1: Select and operate computing devices that perform a variety of tasks accurately and quickly based on user needs and preferences.

8.1.2.CS.2: Explain functions of common software and hardware components of computing systems.

Interdisciplinary Connections:

6.1.2.Geo.HE.2: Describe how human activities affect the culture and environmental characteristics of places or regions (e.g. transportation, housing, dietary needs).

6.1.2.CivicsPR.4: Explain why teachers, local community leaders, and other adults have a responsibility to make rules that are fair, consistent, and respectful of individual rights.

6.1.2.CivicsCM.3: Explain how diversity, tolerance, fairness, and respect for others can contribute to individuals feeling accepted.

Unit Essential Questions:

- How do neighborhoods help each other? How can you be a good neighbor?
- What is phonemic awareness?
- How do we figure out a word we do not recognize?
- Why do readers use different strategies or tools to help them as they read?
- Why do readers ask and answer questions before, during, and after reading?
- Why is it important to read accurately with ease?
- Why is it important to understand how print works?

Unit Enduring Understandings:

- Phonological awareness is the understanding that spoken language is made up of sounds.
- Phonological Awareness lessons help children recognize and manipulate spoken sounds before learning to attach each sound to graphemes (i.e., letters).
- Knowing how to apply phonetic principles, context clues, structural analysis, and spelling patterns can help them figure out unfamiliar words while reading.
- Effective readers use appropriate strategies as needed to construct meaning.

What is narrative writing?	 Reading with accuracy and fluency aids in comprehension. Informational/Explanatory texts provide facts about people, places, or things. Writers explain what something is, how something happened, or how something works. Informational/Explanatory writing has a beginning that introduces the topic, a middle that tells facts and details about the topic, and an end that sums up all of the information.
Content-Students will know:	Skills-Students will be able to:
Phonics:	Students will be able to:
Long o, i, u, e, a	Recognize and produce rhyme
Soft c and g	Recognize and produce alliteration
5010 0 01101 8	Blend and segment onset and rime
Unit Words :here, live, neighbor, work	Isolate(initial and medial), blend, identify and
Super Words: down, over, these, who, also, first, how, new, been, change,	 segment phonemes in single syllable words
once, only, away, because, each, where, around, found, good, now	Review consonants
	Encode and decode words with short vowels
	Reinforce letter formation
	Understand how print works
	○ Book orientation /turning pages
	o Text direction
	o Distinguish letters from words within sentences
	o Match print to speech
	○ Word spaces
	o Picture support
	o Distinguish features of a sentence
	 Understand book parts(title, author, illustrator, table of contents)
	Read a connected text for accuracy
	Recognize, read and spell grade level high frequency words
	 Engage in collaborative discussions with a partner or whole group.
	 Write the answer to a prompt in a complete sentence.
	Comprehension (Ready Reading):
	Feeling Words (Lesson 9 - Module 4 Week 1)
	 Identify words and phrases that explicitly describe an author's or character's feelings
	Identify words and phrases that imply an author's or character's facility as

feelings

character's feelings Read Aloud H (Module 4 Week 2) • Answer questions about key details in the story describe characters and major events, using key details • Retell the story, including key details Sensory Words (Lesson 10 - Module 4 Week 3) • Identify sensory words and phrases used to describe details in a poem • Identify sensory words and phrases to describe details in a story Understand how sensory words help readers picture what is happening in a text Types of Books (Lesson 11- Module 4 Week 4) • Use characteristics of a text to identify a fiction books and an information book • Compare and contrast fiction and information books • Understand purposes for reading fiction and informational books Who is Telling the Story (Lesson 12- Module 4 Week 5) • Recognize that a narrator can be the author of a character in the story • Identify who is narrating the story Use textual evidence to support conclusions about who is narrating the story Stage 2: Evidence of Student Learning Summative Assessments: Unit 4 Check - Ready Reading Unit 4 Assessment - Magnetic Reading Formative Assessments: Weekly Assessment - Magnetic Reader, Practice by Myself - Ready Reading Activities Common Benchmark Assessments: iReady EOY, DIBELS 8, Unit Assessment Tracker (Magnetic Reader) Alternative Assessments: Extension Activities - Teacher Toolbox, Standards Mastery -iReady Literacy Tasks - iReady

Use text evidence to draw conclusions about an author's or

Stage 3: Core Instructional Plan & Resources		
Skill:	Learning Activities:	
Week 1:		

Blend, Segment, Phonemes

Long o Long i

Letter Formation

High Frequency Words

Fluency

Week 2

Blend, Segment Phonemes

Long u Long e

Inflectional Endings: ed, ing

Practice letter formation.

Read fluently with accuracy.

Accurately spell HF words.

Week 3:

Blend, Segment Phonemes

Soft c, g

Inflectional Endings- ed, ing

Words with Soft c, dge

Practice letter formation.

Read fluently with accuracy.

Accurately recognize, read & spell HF words.

Week 4:

Blend/Segment Phonemes

Long a: ai, ay Prefixes re, un

Practice letter formation.

Read fluently with accuracy.

Accurately recognize, read & spell HF words.

Week 5:

Blend, Segment, Add Phonemes

Long e: e, ee, ea Suffixes- ful. less

Practice letter formation.

Read fluently with accuracy.

Accurately recognize, read & spell HF words.

Learning Module 4: Week 1 (Days 91-95)

Segment Words into Phonemes

Substitute Phonemes

Phoneme Manipulation

<u>Distinguish Short and Long Vowel Sound</u>

Long-Vowel Words with Final e

Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes

<u>Final e Syllable</u> <u>Make Inferences</u> Shades of Meaning

<u>Fluency Implementation Guide</u> <u>Fluency Skill: Rate & Accuracy</u>

Learning Module 4: Week 2 (Days 96-100)

Blend Phonemes

Segment Words into Phonemes

<u>Substitute Phonemes</u>

Identify Medial Vowel Sounds

Phoneme Manipulation

Distinguish Short and Long Vowel Sounds

<u>Long Vowel Words with Final e</u> Irregular High Frequency Words

Inflectional Endings

Teach Vocabulary with Read Alouds

Compound Words

Learning Module 4: Week 3 (Days 101-105)

Blend Phonemes

Segment Words into Phonemes

Irregular High Frequency Words

<u>Inflectional Endings without Spelling Changes</u>

<u>Inflectional Ending with Spelling Changes</u>

Words with Soft c or g

Antonyms Synonyms

<u>Identify Descriptive Language</u>

Learning Module 4: Week 4 (Days 106-110)

Blend Phonemes

Segment Words into Phonemes

Review Week:

Practice speaking and listening skills, such as following agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care and speaking one at a time about the topics under discussion).

Review or introduce the first grade math skill of building and drawing shapes to possess defining attributes.

Make topical connections to Magnetic Reading Foundations, Unit 4.

Phoneme Manipulation

Delete Phonemes

Irregular High Frequency Words

Two Syllable Words with Prefixes and Suffixes

Words with Long Digraphs

Sort Words

Learning Module 4: Week 5 (Days 111-115)

Blend Phonemes

Segment Words into Phonemes

Add Phonemes

Phoneme Manipulation

Irregular High Frequency Words

Two Syllable Words with Prefixes and Suffixes

Words with Long Vowel Digraphs

Teach New Word Meanings

Learning Module 4: Week 6 (Days 116-120)

Inflectional Endings Without Spelling Changes

<u>Inflectional Endings with Spelling Changes</u>

Delete Phonemes

Blend Phonemes

Segment Words into Phonemes

Add Phonemes

Phoneme Manipulation

<u>Irregular High Frequency Words</u>

Two Syllable Words with Prefixes and Suffixes

Words with Long Digraphs

Learning Module 4: Resources

Word banks (ex. word wall with unit themed sight words)

Anchor Charts

Ready Reading Teacher Manual and Teacher Toolbox

i-Ready Teacher Manual and Teacher Toolbox

Student Journals for Ready Reading, Magnetic Reading

Word Building Cards

Sound Spelling and Articulation Cards

Super Word Cards

Magnetic Readers Library

Ready Reading Projectable Stories: Famous Women: Susan B. Anthony

Trade books: Earthworms, Elizabeth Leads the Way, Who Eats What?

Optional Read Alouds:

Rooftop Garden, by Pati Aguilera

<u>The Little House</u>, by Virginia Lee Burton <u>Good Morning</u>, <u>City</u>, by Pat Kiernan

Suggested Activities for Differentiation

Suggested Strategies and Practices that Support Students with Disabilities:

Follow All IEP Modifications

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Introduce Key Vocabulary Before Lesson

Teacher Reads Aloud Daily

Choral Reading

Chants, Songs (ex: The Vowel Song on Youtube)

Small Group Instruction- Guided Reading and Guided Writing

Flexible Grouping

Use Books On Tape (Listening Center)

Allow Extra Time To Complete Assignments Or Tests

Allow Answers To Be Given Orally Or Dictated

Provide Picture Instructions

Provide brain breaks

Use a strong student as a "buddy"

Suggested Strategies and Practices that Support English Language Learners:

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Gesturing

Teacher Modeling

Roleplay

Simplified Language / Teacher Talk / Thinking Aloud

Introduce Key Vocabulary Before Lesson (ex: words from the theme Friendship with pictures)

Picture Directions

Students At Risk of Failure:

Provide Peer Tutoring

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Provide Immediate Praise And Feedback

Provide High Interest Topics

Use a strong student as a "buddy"

Multisensory Instruction (sky writing, sand, bumpy/scratchy paper short vowels)

Use Audio Books

Allow Extra Time To Complete Assignments Or Tests

Work In A Small Group

One On One Instruction

Students with 504 Plans:

Follow All 504 Modifications

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Provide Picture Instructions

Small Group Instruction - Guided Reading and Guided Writing

Allow Extra Time To Complete Assignments Or Tests

Allowing For Additional Wait Time For Student Responses During Conversations

Provide Fidget Tools

Flexible Seating

Chunk Assignments

Positive Reinforcement

Specific Strategies and Practices that Support Gifted & Talented Students:

Encourage Upper Level Intellectual Behavior Based On Bloom's Taxonomy

Do Not Always Be Explicit, Allow For Discovery (ex. give students word cards and have them sort the words by looking for their own patterns)

Group Students According To Ability Or Interest

Propose Interest-based Extension Activities

Use Leveled Texts And Offer An Advanced Reader Reading List

Use Varied Modes Of Pre-assessment And Assessment

Provide Whole Group Enrichment Explorations

Provide Options, alternatives and choices to differentiate and broaden the curriculum

Teach Cognitive and Methodological Skills

Use Center, Stations, Or Contracts (ex. roll and read fluency center with short vowel words

Ask Higher Order Thinking Questions

Stage 1: Desired Results

Unit 5: Imagine That!

Unit Summary: Reading fiction stories and poems helps readers expand their imaginations as they meet heroic characters and explore unique places and times. In this unit students will have the opportunities for children to practice reading long vowels, vowel teams, r-controlled vowels, and previously learned phonics skills.

Unit 5 Learning Targets

NJSLS Grade Level Standards:

NJSLS Focus Standards:

Reading Foundational Skills

Phonological Awareness

RF.1.2. Demonstrate mastery of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes) by using knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound to determine the number of syllables in a printed word.

A.Distinguish long from short vowel sounds in spoken single-syllable words.

- B. Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes), including consonant blends.
- C. Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in spoken single-syllable words.
- D. Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds (phonemes).

Phonics and Word Recognition

RF.1.3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.

- B. Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words
- C. Know final -e and common vowel team conventions for representing long vowel sounds.

D.Use knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound to determine the number of syllables in a printed word.

*RF.2.3.E Recognize and read grade appropriate irregularly spelled words.

Fluency

RF.1.4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.

A. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.

NJSLS Supplemental Standards

Reading Foundational Skills

Print Concepts

RF.1.1. Demonstrate mastery of the organization and basic features of print including those listed under Kindergarten foundation skills.

A. Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence (e.g., first word, capitalization, ending punctuation).

Reading Informational Skills

Key Ideas and Details

- RI.1.1. Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.
- RI.1.2. Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.
- RI.1.3. Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.

Craft and Structure

RI.1.4. Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.

A.Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.

B.Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings

RI.1.5. Know and use various text features (e.g., headings, tables of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text.

RI.1.6. Distinguish between information provided by pictures or other illustrations and information provided by the words in a text.

*RL.1.5. Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information, drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types.

RL.1.7 Use details and illustrations and details in a story to describe its characters, setting, or events.

RL.1.9 Compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in stories.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

RI.1.7. Use the illustrations in a text to describe its key ideas.

Writing

W.1.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

W.1.5. With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and self-reflection, and add details to strengthen writing and ideas as needed.

W1.6. Use technology, including the internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.

Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

SL.1.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.

A. Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g. listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion)

B. Build on others' talk in conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges.

C. Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion.

SL.1.2. Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.

SL.1.3. Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information or clarify something that is not understood.

Conventions of Standard English

L.1.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

A. Print all upper- and lowercase letters.

C. Use singular and plural nouns with matching verbs in basic sentences(eg.,He hops;We hop).

L.1.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

- A. Capitalize dates and names of people.
- B. Use end punctuation for sentences.
- C. Use commas in dates and to separate single words in a series.
- D. Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring irregular words.
- E. Spell untaught words phonetically, drawing on phonemic awareness and spelling conventions.
- L.1.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 1 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.
- B. Use frequently occurring affixes and inflection(eg., -ed, -s, -ing, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, less) as a clue to the meaning of a word.

Curricular Connections

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6.1.2.CivicsPR.4: Explain why teachers, local community leaders, and other adults have a responsibility to make rules that are fair, consistent, and respectful of individual rights.

6.1.2.CivicsCM.3: Explain how diversity, tolerance, fairness, and respect for others can contribute to individuals feeling accepted.

Unit Essential Questions:

- What makes someone a hero?
- Who do you think is a hero?
- What is a problem you have had?
- What action did you take to try to solve your problem?
- What is Phonemic Awareness?
- How do we figure out a word we do not recognize?
- Why do readers use different strategies or tools to help them as they read?
- Why is it important to read accurately with ease?
- Why is it important to understand how print works?
- What is narrative writing?

Unit Enduring Understandings:

- Phonological awareness is the understanding that spoken language is made up of sounds.
- Phonological Awareness lessons help children recognize and manipulate spoken sounds before learning to attach each sound to graphemes (i.e., letters).
- Knowing how to apply phonetic principles, context clues, structural analysis, and spelling patterns can help them figure out unfamiliar words while reading.
- Effective readers use appropriate strategies as needed to construct meaning.
- Reading with accuracy and fluency aids in comprehension.

Informational/Explanatory texts provide facts about people, places, or things. • Writers explain what something is, how something happened, or how something works. Informational/Explanatory writing has a beginning that introduces the topic, a middle that tells facts and details about the topic, and an end that sums up all of the information. Skills-Students will be able to: Content-Students will know: Students will be able to: Phonics: • Recognize and produce rhyme Long o (o, oa,ow) Long i (i,v,igh) Recognize and produce alliteration Blend and segment onset and rime Long e (v,ev) r-controlled vowel ar,er,ir,ur Isolate(initial and medial), blend, identify and Unit Words: action, hero, mood, problem segment phonemes in single syllable words **Super Words:** find, light, little, right, before, buy, even, our, every, pretty, Review consonants Encode and decode words with short vowels think, very, called, help, know, walk, answer, picture, water, Reinforce letter formation Understand how print works o Book orientation /turning pages Text direction o Distinguish letters from words within sentences Match print to speech Word spaces Picture support o Distinguish features of a sentence • Understand book parts(title, author, illustrator, table of contents) • Read a connected text for accuracy Recognize, read and spell grade level high frequency words Engage in collaborative discussions with a partner or whole group. • Write the answer to a prompt in a complete sentence. Comprehension (Ready Reading): Module 5 Week 1 • Identify the main topic of a text and sections within it • Ask and Answer questions about key details • Identify how the information in the text is organized Finding Word Meanings (Lesson 13 - Module 5 Week 2) • Relate prior knowledge to text evidence in order to draw

conclusions about word meaning

- Explain the specific meanings of unknown words as they are used in the text
- Locate text and picture evidence that helps determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases
- Ask and answer questions tod determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text

Text Features (Lesson 14 - Module 5 Week 3)

- Recognize that text features are parts of a book that guide readers in finding information
- Use text features such as headings, tables of contents, and glossaries to find information in a book
- Understand why authors include text features and how they help readers find information

More Text Features (Lesson 15 - Module 5 Week 4)

- Recognize that digital text features guide readers in finding information
- use digital text features to find information
- Understand how digital text features help readers find information

Words and Pictures (Lesson 16 - Module 5 Week 5)

- Understand that both words and visuals provide information in books
- Recognize that visuals often provide information beyond the words
- Differentiate between information provided by words and information provided by visuals
- Understand that using both words and visuals can help you learn more about a topic

Stage 2: Evidence of Student Learning

Summative Assessments: Unit 5 Check - Ready Reading

Unit 5 Assessment - Magnetic Reading

Formative Assessments: Weekly Assessment - Magnetic Reader, Practice by Myself - Ready Reading Activities

Common Benchmark Assessments: iReady EOY, DIBELS 8, Unit Assessment Tracker (Magnetic Reader)

Alternative Assessments: Extension Activities - Teacher Toolbox, Standards Mastery -iReady

Literacy Tasks - iReady

Stage 3: Core Instructional Plan & Resources

Skill:

Week 1:

Blend, Segment, Delete Identify

Long o: o, oa, ow

Long Vowel Syllable Patterns

Spelling words with long o

Letter Formation

High Frequency Words

Fluency

Week 2:

Blend, Segment Add Phonemes

Long i: i, y, igh

Inflectional Ending -ed

Words with Long i: i, y. igh

Practice letter formation.

Read fluently with accuracy.

Accurately spell HF words.

Week 3:

Blend, Segment, Identify Phonemes

Isolate Phonemes (Final)

Long e: y, ey

Plurals (change y to i before adding -es)

Practice letter formation.

Read fluently with accuracy.

Accurately recognize, read & spell HF words.

Week 4:

Blend, Segment, Identify Phonemes

r- Controlled Vowel ar

r- Controlled Vowel Syllable Patterns

Practice letter formation.

Read fluently with accuracy.

Accurately recognize, read & spell HF words.

Week 5:

Blend/Segment Identify Syllables

Learning Activities:

Learning Module 5: Week 1 (Days 121-125)

Blend Phonemes

Segment Words into Phonemes

<u>Substitute Phonemes</u>

Manipulate Phonemes

Delete Phonemes

Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes

<u>Fluency Implementation Guide</u> <u>Fluency Skill: Intonation/Inflection</u> Words with Long Vowel Digraphs

Open Syllable Patterns

Teach Vocabulary with Read Alouds

Use Adjectives and Adverbs

Learning Module 5: Week 2 (Days 126-130)

Blend Phonemes

Segment Words into Phonemes

<u>Substitute Phonemes</u>

Add Phonemes

Manipulate Phonemes

Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes

<u>Inflectional Endings With Spelling Changes</u>

Words with Long Vowel Digraphs
Use Context to Find Word Meaning

<u>Synonyms</u>

Learning Module 5: Week 3 (Days 131-135)

Blend Phonemes

Segment Words into Phonemes

<u>Substitute Phonemes</u>

Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes

<u>Inflectional Endings With Spelling Changes</u>

Words with Long Vowel Digraphs
Match v to Long i and Long e

<u>Use Text Features</u>

Multiple-Meaning Words

r- Controlled Vowels er, ir, ur

Comparative Inflectional Endings er, est

Practice letter formation.

Read fluently with accuracy.

Accurately recognize, read & spell HF words.

Review Week:

Review and practice the yearlong skill of editing and revising written work and using previously taught sound-spelling patterns and Super Words.

Practice the writing and content knowledge learned in Ready Reading Unit 1: Key Ideas and Details in Literature, Unit 3: Craft and Structure in Literature, and Unit 5: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas in Literature. Practice speaking and listening skills, such as asking and answering questions about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information or to seek clarity.

Make topical connections to Magnetic Reading Foundations, Unit 5.

Learning Module 5: Week 4 (Days 136-140)

Blend Phonemes

Segment Words into Phonemes

Substitute Phonemes

Add Phonemes

Manipulate Phonemes

Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes

<u>r-Controlled Syllables</u>

Words with r-Controlled Vowels

Use Multiple Strategies to Figure Out Word Meanings

Learning Module 5: Week 5 (Days 141-145)

Blend Phonemes

Segment Words into Phonemes

Substitute Phonemes

Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes

<u>Inflectional Endings With Spelling Changes</u>

Words with r-Controlled Vowels

Make Connections to Words

Learning Module 5: Review Week (Days 146-150)

Match y to Long i and Long e

Blend Phonemes

Segment Words into Phonemes

<u>Substitute Phonemes</u>

Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes

<u>Inflectional Endings With Spelling Changes</u>

Words with r-Controlled Vowels

Resources

Word banks (ex. word wall with unit themed sight words)

Anchor Charts

Ready Reading Teacher Manual and Teacher Toolbox

i-Ready Teacher Manual and Teacher Toolbox

Student Journals for Ready Reading, Magnetic Reading

Word Building Cards

Sound Spelling and Articulation Cards

Super Word Cards

Magnetic Readers Library

Ready Reading Projectable Stories: Happy Birthday Surprise!

Trade books: My Rotten Redheaded Older Brother, Mice and Beans, The Polar Bear

Son, Mike Mulligan and His Steam Shovel

Optional Read Alouds:

The Mitten, by Jim Aylesworth

What the Ladybug Heard, by Julia Donaldson

The Boy Who Cried Wolf, by B. G. Hennessy

Suggested Activities for Differentiation

Suggested Strategies and Practices that Support Students with Disabilities:

Follow All IEP Modifications

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Introduce Key Vocabulary Before Lesson

Teacher Reads Aloud Daily

Choral Reading

Chants, Songs (ex: The Vowel Song on Youtube)

Small Group Instruction- Guided Reading and Guided Writing

Flexible Grouping

Use Books On Tape (Listening Center)

Allow Extra Time To Complete Assignments Or Tests

Allow Answers To Be Given Orally Or Dictated

Provide Picture Instructions

Provide brain breaks

Use a strong student as a "buddy"

Suggested Strategies and Practices that Support English Language Learners:

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Gesturing

Teacher Modeling

Roleplay

Simplified Language / Teacher Talk / Thinking Aloud

Introduce Key Vocabulary Before Lesson (ex: words from the theme Friendship with pictures)

Picture Directions

Students At Risk of Failure:

Provide Peer Tutoring

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Provide Immediate Praise And Feedback

Provide High Interest Topics

Use a strong student as a "buddy"

Multisensory Instruction (sky writing, sand, bumpy/scratchy paper short vowels)

Use Audio Books

Allow Extra Time To Complete Assignments Or Tests

Work In A Small Group

One On One Instruction

Students with 504 Plans:

Follow All 504 Modifications

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Provide Picture Instructions

Small Group Instruction- Guided Reading and Guided Writing

Allow Extra Time To Complete Assignments Or Tests

Allowing For Additional Wait Time For Student Responses During Conversations

Provide Fidget Tools

Flexible Seating

Chunk Assignments

Positive Reinforcement

Specific Strategies and Practices that Support Gifted & Talented Students:

Encourage Upper Level Intellectual Behavior Based On Bloom's Taxonomy

Do Not Always Be Explicit, Allow For Discovery (ex. give students word cards and have them sort the words by looking for their own patterns)

Group Students According To Ability Or Interest

Propose Interest-based Extension Activities

Use Leveled Texts And Offer An Advanced Reader Reading List

Use Varied Modes Of Pre-assessment And Assessment

Provide Whole Group Enrichment Explorations

Provide Options, alternatives and choices to differentiate and broaden the curriculum

Teach Cognitive and Methodological Skills

Use Center, Stations, Or Contracts (ex. roll and read fluency center with short vowel words

Ask Higher Order Thinking Questions

Stage 1: Desired Results

Unit 6: In the Sky!

Unit Summary: People are able to see different objects in the sky depending on the weather and the Earth's position in relation to the sun. In this unit students will have the opportunities to practice reading r-controlled vowels, diphthongs, variant vowels, and previously learned phonic concepts.

Unit 6 Learning Targets

NJSLS Grade Level Standards:

NJSLS Focus Standards:

Reading Foundational Skills

Phonological Awareness

RF.1.2. Demonstrate mastery of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes) by using knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound to determine the number of syllables in a printed word.

- B. Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes), including consonant blends.
- C. Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in spoken single-syllable words.
- D. Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds (phonemes).

Phonics and Word Recognition

RF.1.3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.

B. Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words

*RF.2.3.E Recognize and read grade appropriate irregularly spelled words.

G.Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.

Fluency

RF.1.4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.

A. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.

B.Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.

C.Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.

NJSLS Supplemental Standards

Reading Foundational Skills

Print Concepts

RF.1.1. Demonstrate mastery of the organization and basic features of print including those listed under Kindergarten foundation skills.

A. Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence (e.g., first word, capitalization, ending punctuation).

Reading Informational Skills

Key Ideas and Details

- RI.1.1. Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.
- RI.1.2. Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.
- RI.1.3. Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.

Craft and Structure

- RI.1.4. Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.
- RI.1.5. Know and use various text features (e.g., headings, tables of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text.
- RI.1.6. Distinguish between information provided by pictures or other illustrations and information provided by the words in a text.
- *RL.1.5. Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information, drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

- RI.1.7. Use the illustrations in a text to describe its key ideas.
- RI.1.8 Identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text and explain the application of this information with prompting as needed.
- RI.1.9 Identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).

Writing

- W.1.2. Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure.
- W1.6. Use technology, including the internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.
- W.1.7.Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of "how-to" books on a given topic and use them to write a sequence of instructions).
- W.1.8. With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question

Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

- SL.1.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
- A. Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g. listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion)
- B. Build on others' talk in conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges.
- C. Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion.
- SL.1.2. Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.
- SL.1.3. Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information or clarify something that is not understood.

Conventions of Standard English

- L.1.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- A. Print all upper- and lowercase letters.
- C. Use singular and plural nouns with matching verbs in basic sentences(eg.,He hops;We hop).
- L.1.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- A. Capitalize dates and names of people.
- B. Use end punctuation for sentences.
- C. Use commas in dates and to separate single words in a series.

- D. Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring irregular words.
- E. Spell untaught words phonetically, drawing on phonemic awareness and spelling conventions.
- L.1.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 1 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.
- B. Use frequently occurring affixes and inflection(eg., -ed, -s, -ing, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, less) as a clue to the meaning of a word.

Curricular Connections

Career Readiness, Life Literacies, & Key Skills (CLKS):

9.4.5.CI.2: Use appropriate communication technologies to collaborate with individuals with diverse perspectives about a local and/or global climate change issue and deliberate about possible solutions.

9.4.2.DC.7: Describe actions peers can take to positively impact climate change.

Computer Science & Design Thinking (CS & DT**)**:

8.1.2.CS.1: Select and operate computing devices that perform a variety of tasks accurately and quickly based on user needs and preferences.

8.1.2.CS.2: Explain functions of common software and hardware components of computing systems.

Interdisciplinary Connections:

6.1.2.Geo.HE.2: Describe how human activities affect the culture and environmental characteristics of places or regions (e.g. transportation, housing, dietary needs).

6.1.2.CivicsPR.4: Explain why teachers, local community leaders, and other adults have a responsibility to make rules that are fair, consistent, and respectful of individual rights.

6.1.2.CivicsCM.3: Explain how diversity, tolerance, fairness, and respect for others can contribute to individuals feeling accepted.

Unit Essential Questions:

- When does the moon appear in the sky?
- How does the moon seem to change?
- What is the weather like today?
- What types of weather do you like best?
- What is Phonemic Awareness?
- How do we figure out a word we do not recognize?
- Why do readers use different strategies or tools to help them as they read?
- Why is it important to read accurately with ease?
- Why is it important to understand how print works?
- What is informational writing?

Unit Enduring Understandings:

- Phonological awareness is the understanding that spoken language is made up of sounds.
- Phonological Awareness lessons help children recognize and manipulate spoken sounds before learning to attach each sound to graphemes (i.e., letters).
- Knowing how to apply phonetic principles, context clues, structural analysis, and spelling patterns can help them figure out unfamiliar words while reading.
- Effective readers use appropriate strategies as needed to construct meaning.
- Reading with accuracy and fluency aids in comprehension.
- Informational/Explanatory texts provide facts about people, places, or things.
- Writers explain what something is, how something happened, or how something works.

	Informational/Explanatory writing has a beginning that introduces the topic, a middle that tells facts and details about the topic, and an and that sums up all of the information.		
Content-Students will know:	topic, and an end that sums up all of the information. Skills-Students will be able to:		
Phonics:	Students will be able to:		
r-controlled vowels or, oar, ore	Recognize and produce rhyme Recognize and produce alliterations		
Diphthongs ou, ow, oi, oy Variant Vowels oo,ue,ew,au,aw,a(i)	Recognize and produce alliterationBlend and segment onset and rime		
Unit Words: appear, Earth, moon, weather	Isolate(initial and medial), blend, identify and		
Super Words: again, does, soon, year, always, done, give, here, another, live,	 segment phonemes in single syllable words 		
move, near, goes, learn, school, work, air, full, pull, together	Review consonants		
l sy say, gara, sa yar ar, a yar yar, pa yar, gara	Encode and decode words with short vowels		
	Reinforce letter formation		
	Understand how print works		
	○ Book orientation /turning pages		
	○ Text direction		
	o Distinguish letters from words within sentences		
	o Match print to speech		
	∘ Word spaces		
	o Picture support		
	o Distinguish features of a sentence		
	 Understand book parts(title, author, illustrator, table of contents) 		
	Read a connected text for accuracy		
	Recognize, read and spell grade level high frequency words		
	 Engage in collaborative discussions with a partner or whole group. 		
	Write the answer to a prompt in a complete sentence.		
	Comprehension (Ready Reading)		
	Unit 5 Opener (Module 6 Week 1)		
	Use story details to tell about characters, setting, or events		
	Use pictures to tell about characters, setting, or events		
	Use pictures to find more evidence about story details than the		
	words tell		
	Understand how words and pictures help readers describe characters, setting, or events.		
	characters, setting, or events Comparing Characters (Lesson 18 Module 6 Week 2)		
	Companing characters (Lesson to Module o Week 2)		

- Identify similarities between the experiences of the main character in two different stories
- Identify differences between the experiences of the main character in two different stories
- Understand how comparing and contrasting the experiences of characters helps you better understand the characters

Unit 6 Opener (Lesson 19 Module 6 Week 3)

- Use details from the words in a text to tell about its key ideas
- Use details from the illustrations in a text to tell about its key details
- Understand how words and illustrations in a text work together to help readers describe it key ideas

Identifying Reasons (Lesson 20 Module 6 Week 4)

- Identify key points in a text
- Identify reasons that support key points
- Understand how identifying reasons can help you better understand a key point

Comparing Two Texts (Lesson 21 Module 6 Week 5)

- Identify basic similarities and differences between the illustrations in two texts
- Identify basic similarities and differences between the words in two texts
- Understand that comparing texts on the same topic can help readers better understand that topic
- Understand that comparing texts on the same topic can help readers better understand each text

Stage 2: Evidence of Student Learning

Summative Assessments: Unit 6 Check - Ready Reading

Unit 6 Assessment - Magnetic Reading

Formative Assessments: Weekly Assessment - Magnetic Reader, Practice by Myself - Ready Reading Activities

Common Benchmark Assessments: iReady EOY, DIBELS 8, Unit Assessment Tracker (Magnetic Reader)

Alternative Assessments: Extension Activities - Teacher Toolbox, Standards Mastery -iReady

Literacy Tasks - iReady

	Instructional Plan & Resources	
Skill:	Learning Activities:	
Week 1:		
Blend, Segment Identify Substitute Phonemes	Learning Module 6: Week 1 (Days 151-155)	
r- Controlled Vowels or, oar, ore	Blend Phonemes	
Consonant + le Syllable Patterns	<u>Segment Words into Phonemes</u>	
Words with or, oar, ore	<u>Substitute Phonemes</u>	
Letter Formation	Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes	
High Frequency Words	Words with r-Controlled Vowels	
Fluency	<u>Final Stable Syllables: le, el, al</u>	
	<u>Two-Syllable Words with Short Vowels</u>	
Week 2:	Make Connections to Words	
Blend, Segment, Add, Identify	Fluency Implementation Guide	
Diphthongs ou, ow	Fluency Skill: Rate & Accuracy	
Compound Words		
Words with ut, ow	Learning Module 6: Week 2 (Days 156-160)	
Practice letter formation.	Blend Phonemes	
Read fluently with accuracy.	Segment Words into Phonemes	
Accurately spell HF words.	<u>Substitute Phonemes</u>	
	Add Phonemes	
Week 3	<u>Phoneme Manipulation</u>	
Blend, Segment, Add, Identify Phonemes	<u>Irregular High Frequency Words</u>	
Diphthongs oi, oy	Words with Vowel Diphthongs and Digraphs	
Vowel Team Syllable Patterns	<u>Decode Compound Words</u>	
Words with oi, oy	Sort Words by Categories	
Practice letter formation.		
Read fluently with accuracy.	Learning Module 6: Week 3 (Days 161-165)	
Accurately recognize, read & spell HF words.	Blend Phonemes	
	<u>Segment Words into Phonemes</u>	
Week 4:	<u>Substitute Phonemes</u>	
Blend, Segment, Add Phonemes	Add Phonemes	
Variant Vowel oo (book)	Phoneme Manipulation	
Variant vowel oo (room) ue, ew	Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes	
Irregular Plurals	Words with Vowel Diphthongs and Digraphs	
Words with Variant Vowels	<u>Distinguish Open and Closed Syllables</u>	
Practice letter formation.	<u>Teach New Word Meanings</u>	
Read fluently with accuracy.		
Accurately recognize, read & spell HF words.		

Blend Phonemes

Segment Words into Phonemes

Week 5:

Blend/Segment, Delete, Identify Syllables

Variant Vowels au, aw a(l)

Suffix-ly

Words with Variant Vowels

Practice letter formation.

Read fluently with accuracy.

Accurately recognize, read & spell HF words.

Review Week:

Review and practice the yearlong skill of editing and revising written work and using previously taught sound-spelling patterns and Super Words.

Practice speaking and listening skills, such as participating in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about age-appropriate topics with peers and adults in small and large groups.

Make topical connections to Magnetic Reading Foundations, Unit 6.

Substitute Phonemes

Add Phonemes

Phoneme Manipulation

Irregular High Frequency Words

Words with Vowel Diphthongs and Digraphs

<u>Irregular Plurals</u>

Identify Supporting Reasons

Compound Words

Learning Module 6: Week 5 (Days 171-175)

Blend Phonemes

Segment Words into Phonemes

Substitute Phonemes

Phoneme Manipulation

Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes

Words with Vowel Diphthongs and Digraphs

Words with Variant Vowel a(l): alk, alt, all

Sort Words by Categories and Attributes

Learning Module 6: Review Week (Days 176-180)/

Blend Phonemes

Segment Words into Phonemes

<u>Substitute Phonemes</u>

Phoneme Manipulation

Delete Phonemes

Irregular High Frequency Words with Elkonin Boxes

Words with Vowel Diphthongs and Digraphs

Words with Variant Vowel a(l): alk, alt, all

Resources

Word banks (ex. word wall with unit themed sight words)

Anchor Charts

Ready Reading Teacher Manual and Teacher Toolbox

i-Ready Teacher Manual and Teacher Toolbox

Student Journals for Ready Reading, Magnetic Reading

Word Building Cards

Sound Spelling and Articulation Cards

Super Word Cards

Magnetic Readers Library

Magnetic Reading Projectable Stories: Upsetting the Balance, Famous Women: Susan B. Anthony Trade books: Butterflies and Moths, Elizabeth Leads the Way, Earthworms, Optional Read Alouds: Moonlight, by Grace Hansen What Kind of Clouds?, by Nadia Higgins Nadia Higgins A Big Mooncake for Little Star, by Grace Lin
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Suggested Activities for Differentiation

Suggested Strategies and Practices that Support Students with Disabilities:

Follow All IEP Modifications

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Introduce Key Vocabulary Before Lesson

Teacher Reads Aloud Daily

Choral Reading

Chants, Songs (ex: The Vowel Song on Youtube)

Small Group Instruction - Guided Reading and Guided Writing

Flexible Grouping

Use Books On Tape (Listening Center)

Allow Extra Time To Complete Assignments Or Tests

Allow Answers To Be Given Orally Or Dictated

Provide Picture Instructions

Provide brain breaks

Use a strong student as a "buddy"

Suggested Strategies and Practices that Support English Language Learners:

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Gesturing

Teacher Modeling

Roleplay

Simplified Language / Teacher Talk / Thinking Aloud

Introduce Key Vocabulary Before Lesson (ex: words from the theme Friendship with pictures)

Picture Directions

Students At Risk of Failure:

Provide Peer Tutoring

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Provide Immediate Praise And Feedback

Provide High Interest Topics

Use a strong student as a "buddy"

Multisensory Instruction (sky writing, sand, bumpy/scratchy paper short vowels)

Use Audio Books

Allow Extra Time To Complete Assignments Or Tests

Work In A Small Group

One On One Instruction

Students with 504 Plans:

Follow All 504 Modifications

Articulation videos (iReady Teacher Toolbox)

Classroom Visuals (Vowel Valley, Sound Walls)

Personal Visuals (ex. Sound Spelling Cards, Articulation Cards, personal sound wall)

Provide Picture Instructions

Small Group Instruction- Guided Reading and Guided Writing

Allow Extra Time To Complete Assignments Or Tests

Allowing For Additional Wait Time For Student Responses During Conversations

Provide Fidget Tools

Flexible Seating

Chunk Assignments

Positive Reinforcement

Specific Strategies and Practices that Support Gifted & Talented Students:

Encourage Upper Level Intellectual Behavior Based On Bloom's Taxonomy

Do Not Always Be Explicit, Allow For Discovery (ex. give students word cards and have them sort the words by looking for their own patterns)

Group Students According To Ability Or Interest

Propose Interest-based Extension Activities

Use Leveled Texts And Offer An Advanced Reader Reading List

Use Varied Modes Of Pre-assessment And Assessment

Provide Whole Group Enrichment Explorations

Provide Options, alternatives and choices to differentiate and broaden the curriculum

Teach Cognitive and Methodological Skills

Use Center, Stations, Or Contracts (ex. roll and read fluency center with short vowel words

Ask Higher Order Thinking Questions